## **ERRATUM**

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## Use of etoposide in patients with organ dysfunction: pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic considerations

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On page S 80 of the above supplement article Table 3 should have been presented as follows:

Table 3 Examples of clinical conditions where etoposide elimination, metabolism, and (or) protein binding are affected: etoposide pharmacologic effect<sup>a</sup>

Excretion (renal)	Metabolism (hepatic)	Fraction of etoposide not bound to protein (fu)	Anticipated pharmacologic effect
Normal	Normal	Increased (e.g., hypoalbuminemia)	Unchanged
Decreased	Normal	Normal	Increased
Normal	Decreased	Normal	Increased
Decreased	Normal	Increased (e.g., hypoalbuminemia)	Increased $(\pm)$
Normal	Decreased	Increased (e.g., hypoalbuminemia)	Increased $(\pm)$
Decreased	Decreased	Increased (e.g., hypoalbuminemia)	Increased (±)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Elimination and metabolism are assumed to remove etoposide from the body, and no active metabolites are formed via metabolism. Pharmacologic effect is against both normal tissue (toxicity) and tumor tissue (efficacy)